

02-29-00

## UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL

Attorney Docket No.

(New Nonprovisional Applications Under 37 CFR § 1.53(b))

1018.073US1

## TO THE ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS:

Transmitted herewith is the patent application of ( ) application identifier or (X) first named inventor, Neta Amit, entitled Guaranteed Exactly Once Delivery of Messages, for a(n):

(X) Original Patent Application.

( ) Continuing Application (prior application not abandoned):

( ) Continuation ( ) Divisional ( ) Continuation-in-part (CIP)

of prior application No: \_\_\_\_\_ Filed on: \_\_\_\_\_

( ) A statement claiming priority under 35 USC § 120 has been added to the specification.

Enclosed are:

(X) Specification; 23 Total Pages.

(X) Drawing(s); 3 Total Sheets.

(X) Oath or Declaration:

(X) A Newly Executed Combined Declaration and Power of Attorney:

( ) Signed.

(X) Unsigned.

( ) Partially Signed.

( ) A Copy from a Prior Application for Continuation/Divisional (37 CFR § 1.63(d)).

( ) Incorporation by Reference. The entire disclosure of the prior application, from which a copy of the oath or declaration is supplied, is considered as being part of the disclosure of the accompanying application and is hereby incorporated herein by reference.

( ) Signed Statement Deleting Inventor(s) Named in the Prior Application. (37 CFR § 163(d)(2)).

( ) Power of Attorney.

(X) Return Receipt Postcard.

( ) Associate Power of Attorney.

( ) A Check in the amount of \$\_\_\_\_\_ for the Filing Fee.

( ) Preliminary Amendment.

( ) Information Disclosure Statement and Form PTO-1449.

( ) A Duplicate Copy of this Form for Processing Fee Against Deposit Account.

( ) A Certified Copy of Priority Documents (if foreign priority is claimed).

( ) Statement(s) of Status as a Small Entity.

( ) Statement(s) of Status as a Small Entity Filed in Prior Application, Status Still Proper and Desired.

(X) Patent Application Data Entry Format sheets for OCR.

CLAIMS AS FILED				
FOR	NO. FILED	NO. EXTRA	RATE	FEE
Total Claims	21	1	\$18.00	\$ 18.00
Independent Claims	6	3	\$78.00	\$ 234.00
Multiple Dependent Claims (if applicable)				\$0.00
Assignment Recording Fee				\$0.00
Basic Filing Fee				\$690.00
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Charge \$\_\_\_\_\_ to Deposit Account \_\_\_\_\_ pursuant to 37 CFR § 1.25. At any time during the pendency of this application, please charge any fees required or credit any overpayment to this Deposit Account.

Respectfully submitted,

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## Representative Information

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## **GUARANTEED EXACTLY ONCE DELIVERY OF MESSAGES**

### **FIELD OF THE INVENTION**

This invention relates generally to the delivery of messages, such as the delivery of messages within a message transaction system, and more particularly to the  
5 guaranteed, exactly once delivery of such messages.

### **BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION**

When organizations need to have large-scale computer systems that hold mission critical information, such as purchase orders, financial information, etc., they usually resort to message transaction systems. Message transaction systems ensure that data is  
10 not lost if the system crashes, and also that data is not duplicated – such as ensuring that two copies of the same purchase order are not processed, etc. A transaction is an activity or a request, such as an order, a purchase, a change, or an addition to a database of information. Transactions usually update one or more files on a non-volatile storage such as a hard disk drive, and thus can serve as both an audit trail and a history for future  
15 analyses. A transaction can include one or more messages. A transaction is considered committed when all the messages of the transaction have been received and processed.

For systems like message transaction systems, it is usually important that messages sent from a sender computer to a receiver computer are guaranteed to be delivered, and that they are delivered exactly once. For example, where a message  
20 relates to transfer money to a bank account, it is critical that the message is in fact delivered, so that trust can be placed in the system. Furthermore, it is critical that the message is delivered only once - so that the money is not transferred twice, etc. There can

be pitfalls associated with guaranteed, exactly once delivery of messages. For example, the sender computer may crash, such that upon recovery it may not be known whether messages that were residing at the sender computer were sent or not.

Within the prior art, guaranteed exactly once delivery of messages is usually provided for by a transaction manager, or coordinator, within a transaction message system. The transaction manager is a bookkeeping program that keeps track of transactions, to ensure atomicity of transactions – that a given transaction completely executes or does not execute at all. Besides guaranteed exactly once delivery of messages, transaction managers also provide for in-order execution of transactional messages. This can result in significant processing overhead. Where only guaranteed exactly once message delivery is necessary – and not, for example, in-order execution of transactional messages – the performance penalty for using a transaction manager in such an instance can be prohibitive.

For these and other reasons, therefore, there is a need for the present invention.

## SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to guaranteed, exactly once delivery of messages. In one embodiment, there is a sender and a receiver. In a sender transaction, the sender does the following: receives a message from a sender queue; generates a substantially unique identifier and an expiration time for the message; and, saves the identifier, the expiration time, and the message in a sender database. The sender then sends the identifier, the expiration time, and the message to the receiver. In a receiver transaction, the receiver then does the following: receives the identifier, the expiration time, and the message from a receiver queue; determines whether the message has expired based on the expiration

time and determines whether the message is present in a receiver database by its identifier; and, upon determining that the message has not expired and is not present in the receiver database, saves the identifier, the expiration time, and the message in the receiver database, and performs actions associated with the message.

5           In another embodiment, the method also includes the following. The receiver sends an acknowledgment message from the receiver to the sender, corresponding to the original message. The sender, in a second sender transaction, receives the acknowledgement message and deletes the message in the sender database corresponding to the acknowledgement message.

10           Embodiments of the invention provide for advantages not found within the prior art. Because a transaction manager is not necessary, performance is increased as compared to prior art mechanisms that provide for exactly once delivery of messages. Regardless of if the sender crashes, upon recovery, the sender always sends the message to the receiver, providing for the guaranteed capability. Because the receiver checks the  
15   received message's identifier against a database, if it receives the same message twice, it ignores the message the second time, thus providing for the exactly-once capability. Thus, embodiments of the invention provide for guaranteed exactly once delivery of messages, but do not provide for in-order delivery as does the prior art. The messages sent from the sender to the receiver and vice-versa are desirably not transactional  
20   messages, since they are not provided for by a transaction manager. That is, they are non-transactional, express messages. With the use of express messages, it has been demonstrated that exactly once (guaranteed) delivery of messages can be achieved at a

rate of several thousands of messages per second, as compared to only several hundreds of messages per second when using transactional messages as in the prior art.

The invention includes computer-implemented methods, machine-readable media, computerized systems, and computers of varying scopes. Other aspects, embodiments and advantages of the invention, beyond those described here, will become apparent by reading the detailed description and with reference to the drawings.

### **BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS**

FIG. 1 is a diagram of an operating environment in conjunction with which embodiments of the invention can be practiced;

FIG. 2 is a diagram of a system according to an embodiment of the invention; and,

FIG. 3 is a flowchart of a method according to an embodiment of the invention.

### **DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION**

In the following detailed description of exemplary embodiments of the invention, reference is made to the accompanying drawings which form a part hereof, and in which is shown by way of illustration specific exemplary embodiments in which the invention may be practiced. These embodiments are described in sufficient detail to enable those skilled in the art to practice the invention, and it is to be understood that other embodiments may be utilized and that logical, mechanical, electrical and other changes may be made without departing from the spirit or scope of the present invention. The following detailed description is, therefore, not to be taken in a limiting sense, and the scope of the present invention is defined only by the appended claims.





## Operating Environment

Referring to FIG. 1, a diagram of the hardware and operating environment in conjunction with which embodiments of the invention may be practiced is shown. The description of FIG. 1 is intended to provide a brief, general description of suitable computer hardware and a suitable computing environment in conjunction with which the invention may be implemented. Although not required, the invention is described in the general context of computer-executable instructions, such as program modules, being executed by a computer, such as a personal computer. Generally, program modules include routines, programs, objects, components, data structures, etc., that perform particular tasks or implement particular abstract data types.

Moreover, those skilled in the art will appreciate that the invention may be practiced with other computer system configurations, including hand-held devices, multiprocessor systems, microprocessor-based or programmable consumer electronics, network PC's, minicomputers, mainframe computers, and the like. The invention may also be practiced in distributed computing environments where tasks are performed by remote processing devices that are linked through a communications network. In a distributed computing environment, program modules may be located in both local and remote memory storage devices.

The exemplary hardware and operating environment of FIG. 1 for implementing the invention includes a general purpose computing device in the form of a computer 20, including a processing unit 21, a system memory 22, and a system bus 23 that operatively couples various system components include the system memory to the processing unit 21. There may be only one or there may be more than one processing unit 21, such that the

processor of computer 20 comprises a single central-processing unit (CPU), or a plurality of processing units, commonly referred to as a parallel processing environment. The computer 20 may be a conventional computer, a distributed computer, or any other type of computer; the invention is not so limited.

5           The system bus 23 may be any of several types of bus structures including a memory bus or memory controller, a peripheral bus, and a local bus using any of a variety of bus architectures. The system memory may also be referred to as simply the memory, and includes read only memory (ROM) 24 and random access memory (RAM) 25. A basic input/output system (BIOS) 26, containing the basic routines that help to  
10   transfer information between elements within the computer 20, such as during start-up, is stored in ROM 24. The computer 20 further includes a hard disk drive 27 for reading from and writing to a hard disk, not shown, a magnetic disk drive 28 for reading from or writing to a removable magnetic disk 29, and an optical disk drive 30 for reading from or writing to a removable optical disk 31 such as a CD ROM or other optical media.

15           The hard disk drive 27, magnetic disk drive 28, and optical disk drive 30 are connected to the system bus 23 by a hard disk drive interface 32, a magnetic disk drive interface 33, and an optical disk drive interface 34, respectively. The drives and their associated computer-readable media provide nonvolatile storage of computer-readable instructions, data structures, program modules and other data for the computer 20. It  
20   should be appreciated by those skilled in the art that any type of computer-readable media which can store data that is accessible by a computer, such as magnetic cassettes, flash memory cards, digital video disks, Bernoulli cartridges, random access memories

(RAMs), read only memories (ROMs), and the like, may be used in the exemplary operating environment.

A number of program modules may be stored on the hard disk, magnetic disk 29, optical disk 31, ROM 24, or RAM 25, including an operating system 35, one or more application programs 36, other program modules 37, and program data 38. A user may enter commands and information into the personal computer 20 through input devices such as a keyboard 40 and pointing device 42. Other input devices (not shown) may include a microphone, joystick, game pad, satellite dish, scanner, or the like. These and other input devices are often connected to the processing unit 21 through a serial port interface 46 that is coupled to the system bus, but may be connected by other interfaces, such as a parallel port, game port, or a universal serial bus (USB). A monitor 47 or other type of display device is also connected to the system bus 23 via an interface, such as a video adapter 48. In addition to the monitor, computers typically include other peripheral output devices (not shown), such as speakers and printers.

The computer 20 may operate in a networked environment using logical connections to one or more remote computers, such as remote computer 49. These logical connections are achieved by a communication device coupled to or a part of the computer 20; the invention is not limited to a particular type of communications device. The remote computer 49 may be another computer, a server, a router, a network PC, a client, a peer device or other common network node, and typically includes many or all of the elements described above relative to the computer 20, although only a memory storage device 50 has been illustrated in FIG. 1. The logical connections depicted in FIG. 1 include a local-area network (LAN) 51 and a wide-area network (WAN) 52. Such

networking environments are commonplace in office networks, enterprise-wide computer networks, intranets and the Internet, which are all types of networks.

When used in a LAN-networking environment, the computer 20 is connected to the local network 51 through a network interface or adapter 53, which is one type of communications device. When used in a WAN-networking environment, the computer 20 typically includes a modem 54, a type of communications device, or any other type of communications device for establishing communications over the wide area network 52, such as the Internet. The modem 54, which may be internal or external, is connected to the system bus 23 via the serial port interface 46. In a networked environment, program modules depicted relative to the personal computer 20, or portions thereof, may be stored in the remote memory storage device. It is appreciated that the network connections shown are exemplary and other means of and communications devices for establishing a communications link between the computers may be used.

### Systems

In this section of the detailed description, systems according to varying embodiments of the invention are described. The systems are described in conjunction with FIG. 2, which is a diagram of a system according to an embodiment of the invention. The system 200 of FIG. 2 includes a network 201, a sender 202, and a receiver 204. The network 201 can be any type of public, private, or combination public-private network or networks, such as the Internet, a local-area network (LAN), a wide-area network (WAN), an intranet, an extranet, or combinations thereof, as can be appreciated by those of ordinary skill within the art.

Each of the sender 202 and the receiver 204 in one embodiment is a computer, such as that described in the previous section of the detailed description. Each includes a message queue, a computer program, and a database. Specifically, the sender 202 has a queue 208, a program 206, and a database 210, while the receiver 204 has a queue 209, a program 207, and a database 211. The computer program is in one embodiment executed by a processor from a computer-readable medium, such as a memory or a hard disk drive, which are not particularly shown in FIG. 2. The message queue is the queue from which messages are received by the sender 202 and the receiver 204. A queue generally is defined as a storage space in memory or on disk that holds incoming transmissions until the computer can process them. The database can be any type of database, where a database generally is defined as a set of related files that is created and subsequently managed.

In accordance with embodiments of the invention, the sender 202 sends a message to the receiver 204 over the network 201 such that the message is delivered in a guaranteed, exactly once manner. To provide this capability, the program 206 of the sender 202 receives a message from the queue 208, and stores and/or looks up information regarding the message in the database 210 before sending the message over the network 201 to the receiver 204. The message is received at the queue 209 of the receiver 204, from which the program 207 receives the message, and also stores and/or looks up information regarding the message in the database 211. The receiver 204 may perform one or more actions associated with the message. Ultimately, the information regarding the message is deleted from each of the database 210 and the database 211.

The specific manner by which the guaranteed, exactly once delivery of messages within the system 200 of FIG. 2 is described in the next section of the detailed description, which specifically presents methods according to varying embodiments of the invention.

## 5    Methods

In this section of the detailed description, methods according to varying embodiments of the invention are described. In some embodiments, the methods are computer-implemented. The computer-implemented methods can be realized at least in part as one or more programs running on a computer – that is, as a program executed  
10    from a computer-readable medium such as a memory by a processor of a computer, such as the computer shown in and described in conjunction with FIG. 1. The programs are desirably storable on a machine-readable medium such as a floppy disk or a CD-ROM, for distribution and installation and execution on another computer. The methods can be implemented in conjunction with the system of FIG. 2 described in the previous section  
15    of the detailed description, although those of ordinary skill within the art can appreciate that the invention itself is not so limited.

Referring to FIG. 3, a flowchart of a method according to an embodiment of the invention is shown. The method includes two parts, a first part 300 performed at the sender, and a second part 302 performed at the receiver. It is noted that each of the first  
20    part 300 and the second part 302 can in themselves be separate methods, performed by the sender and the receiver, respectively. The first part 300 includes 304, 306 and 308, while the second part 302 includes 310, 312, 314 and 316.

The expiration time is the time after which the message expires. The guaranteed nature of message delivery provided by embodiments of the invention is such that desirably it is assumed that the sender, if it crashes, is able to recover within a time period less than the least amount of time that the expiration time can be set to. Thus, when the message expires, then it is known that the message has in fact been sent from the sender to the receiver. In one embodiment, the expiration time is referred to as a time-to-live (TTL) value, as known within the art.

Finally, in 308, the message is sent from the sender to the receiver.

The receiver performs 310, 312, 314 and 316 in a receiver transaction. In 310, in the message sent by the sender is received at the receiver from a receiver queue, along with the substantially unique identifier and the expiration time for the sender.

In 312, the receiver determines whether the message is already present in a receiver database, by the substantially unique identifier of the message, and whether the message has expired, based on its expiration time. Thus, if the substantially unique

identifier for the message is already in the receiver database, then this means that the receiver has previously received this message. If the message is already present in the receiver database, AND/OR the message has already expired, then the method proceeds to 316, where the method is finished, and the message is discarded in one embodiment.

5           Otherwise, the method proceeds to 314, where the receiver performs one or more actions associated with message. For example, if the message relates to deducting an amount of money from a bank account, then this action is referred to as being associated with the message, such that the action is performed. It is noted that the invention is not particularly limited to a given type or number of actions that can be associated with a  
10   message received by the receiver, except that it must be possible to abort such actions and roll-back their side-effects, if any. That is, the action or actions must all be controlled by a resource manager, such that it should be possible to abort an action without generating any side effects.

Not shown in the method of FIG. 3 is that the receiver may subsequently send an  
15   acknowledgement message from the receiver to the sender, that corresponds to the message. In such an embodiment, in a second sender transaction, the sender receives this acknowledgment message, and based thereon, deletes the message in the sender database corresponding to the acknowledgment message, including the identifier and the expiration time for the message. It is noted, however, that the acknowledgement-  
20   message sent by the receiver and the subsequent deletion of the original message from the sender database is not necessary to the invention. The sender's scavenger thread will delete the message anyway after it expires. However, the earlier message deletion does provide a slight scalability gain. Furthermore, the sender can process the



acknowledgment message differently. First, it peeks the message, that is, non-destructively copy the message from the message queue; second, it deletes the message from the sender database; and, third, it destructively deletes the message from the message queue – for example, via a destructive “receive” of the message from the queue.

- 5 This is done in 3 separate transactions. Each transaction involves a single Resource Manager (Queue, Database, Queue), so a transaction coordinator does not participate in the operation. Performance-wise, this can be a significant saving.

The message sent by the sender and the acknowledgement message sent by the receiver are desirably non-transactional, also referred to as express messages. An express  
10 message is a non-recoverable message in that it cannot be recovered following a computer crash.

Furthermore, in one embodiment of the invention, a scavenger process or thread is periodically run at both the sender and the receiver, which reviews the messages stored in the database, and deletes any it finds that have expired – that is, messages for which their  
15 expiration time has been reached (viz., reached or exceeded). This is performed to provide for scalability, as can be appreciated by those of ordinary skill within the art.

As has been previously noted, the method of FIG. 3 can in one embodiment be performed by the system of FIG. 2 described in the previous section of the detailed description. In such an embodiment, the computer program of the sender can be  
20 considered the means for accomplishing the sender’s functionality. Furthermore, the computer program of the receiver can be considered the means for accomplishing the receiver’s functionality.

## Conclusion

Although specific embodiments have been illustrated and described herein, it will be appreciated by those of ordinary skill in the art that any arrangement which is calculated to achieve the same purpose may be substituted for the specific embodiments shown. This application is intended to cover any adaptations or variations of the present invention. Therefore, it is manifestly intended that this invention be limited only by the claims and equivalents thereof.

We claim:

1. A computer-implemented method comprising:

at a sender, in a sender transaction:

receiving a message from a sender queue;

5 generating a substantially unique identifier and an expiration time for the message;

saving the identifier, the expiration time, and the message in a sender database;

sending the identifier, the expiration time, and the message from the sender to a receiver;

10 at the receiver, in a receiver transaction:

receiving the identifier, the expiration time, and the message from a receiver queue;

determining whether the message has expired based on the expiration time for the message;

15 upon determining that the message has not expired:

determining whether the message is present in a receiver database, by the identifier therefore;

upon determining that the message is not present in the receiver database:

saving the identifier, the expiration time, and the message in the

20 receiver database; and,

performing actions associated with the message.

2. The method of claim 1, further comprising, at the receiver, in the receiver transaction:

otherwise, upon determining that the message is present in the receiver

database, discarding the message; and,

otherwise, upon determining that the message has expired, discarding the

5 message.

3. The method of claim 1, further comprising sending an acknowledgment message

from the receiver to the sender that corresponds to the message.

4. The method of claim 3, further comprising, at the sender, in a second sender transaction:

10 receiving the acknowledgment message; and,

deleting the message in the sender database that corresponds to the acknowledgment message, including the identifier and the expiration time for the message.

5. The method of claim 1, further comprising, at the sender, deleting the message from the sender database when the expiration time has been reached.

15 6. The method of claim 5, wherein deleting the message from the sender database comprises deleting the message by a scavenger thread of the sender.

7. The method of claim 1, further comprising, at the receiver, deleting the message from the receiver database when the expiration time has been reached.

8. The method of claim 7, wherein deleting the message from the receiver database comprises deleting the message by a scavenger thread of the receiver.

9. The method of claim 1, wherein the message comprises an express, non-transactional message.

5 10. A machine-readable medium having instructions stored thereon for execution by a processor of a sender to perform a method at the sender for guaranteed exactly-once delivery of an express, non-transactional message from the sender to a receiver, comprising:

in a sender transaction:

10 receiving the message from a sender queue;

generating a substantially unique identifier and an expiration time for the message;

saving the identifier, the expiration time, and the message in a sender database;

and,

15 sending the identifier, the expiration time, and the message to the receiver.

11. The medium of claim 10, the method further comprising deleting the message from the sender database when the expiration time has been reached.

12. The medium of claim 10, the method further comprising, in a second sender transaction:

20 receiving an acknowledgment message corresponding to the message; and,

deleting the message in the sender database, including the identifier and the expiration time for the message.

13. A machine-readable medium having instructions stored thereon for execution by a processor of a receiver to perform a method at the receiver for guaranteed exactly-once

5 delivery of an express, non-transactional message from a sender to the receiver, comprising:

in a receiver transaction:

receiving the identifier, the expiration time, and the message from a receiver queue;

10 determining whether the message has expired based on the expiration time for the message;

upon determining that the message has not expired:

determining whether the message is present in a receiver database, by the identifier therefor;

15 upon determining that the message is not present in the receiver database:

saving the identifier, the expiration time, and the message in the receiver database; and,

performing actions associated with the message.

14. The medium of claim 13, the method further comprising deleting the message from  
20 the database when the expiration time has been reached.

15. The medium of claim 13, the method further comprising, in the receiver transaction:

otherwise, upon determining that the message is present in the receiver database, discarding the message; and,

otherwise, upon determining that the message has expired, discarding the

5 message.

16. The medium of claim 13, the method further comprising sending an acknowledgment message to the sender that corresponds to the message.

17. A computerized system for guaranteed, exactly once delivery of an express, non-transactional message comprising:

10 a sender comprising:

a first queue;

a first database;

a first computer program designed to, in a sender transaction, receive the message from the first queue, generate a substantially unique identifier and an expiration time for the message, and save the identifier, the expiration time, and the message in the first database; the program further designed to send the identifier, the expiration time, and the message;

a receiver comprising:

a second queue;

20 a second database;

a second computer program designed to, in a receiver transaction, receive the identifier, the expiration time, and the message from the second queue as received





saving the identifier, the expiration time, and the message in the database; and,

sending the identifier, the expiration time, and the message to the receiver.

21. A receiver computer of a computerized system also including a sender, the system for  
5 guaranteed exactly-once delivery of an express, non-transactional message from the sender to the receiver, the receiver comprising:

a queue;

a database; and,

means for, in a receiver transaction,

10 receiving the identifier, the expiration time, and the message from the queue as received thereby from the sender;

determining whether the message has expired based on the expiration time for the message;

determining whether the message is present in the database by the identifier

15 therefor; and,

upon determining that the message has not expired and is not present in the database, saving the identifier, the expiration time, and the message in the database, and performing actions associated with the message.

## ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

Guaranteed, exactly once delivery of messages is disclosed. In one embodiment, there is a sender and a receiver. In a sender transaction, the sender does the following: receives a message from a sender queue; generates a substantially unique identifier and an expiration time for the message; and, saves the identifier, the expiration time, and the message in a sender database. The sender then sends the identifier, the expiration time, and the message to the receiver. In a receiver transaction, the receiver then does the following: receives the identifier, the expiration time, and the message from a receiver queue; determines whether the message has expired based on the expiration time and determines whether the message is present in a receiver database by its identifier; and, upon determining that the message has not expired and is not present in the receiver database, stores the message in the receiver database, and performs actions associated with the message.

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Signature of Michael Dryja

FIG. 1

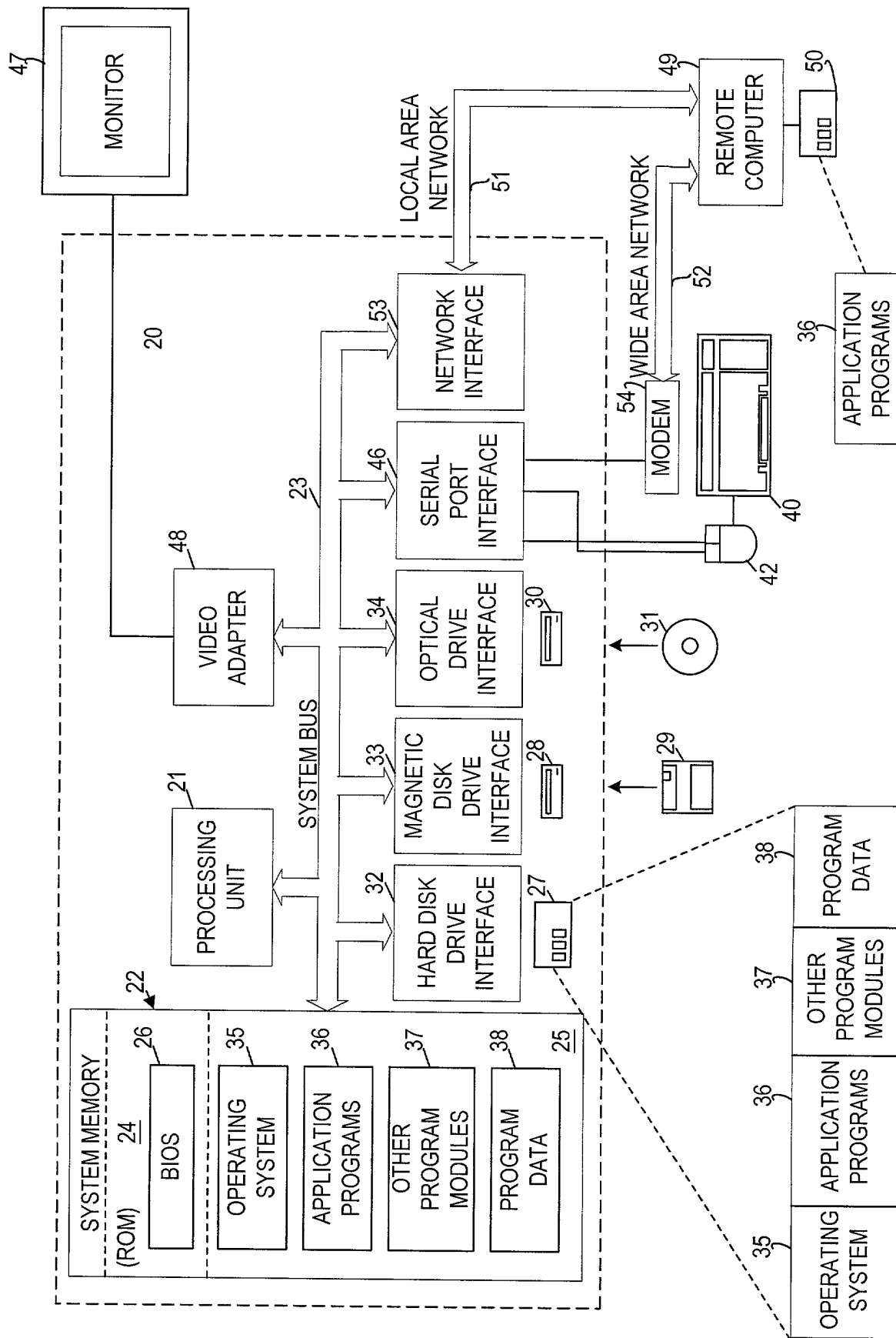
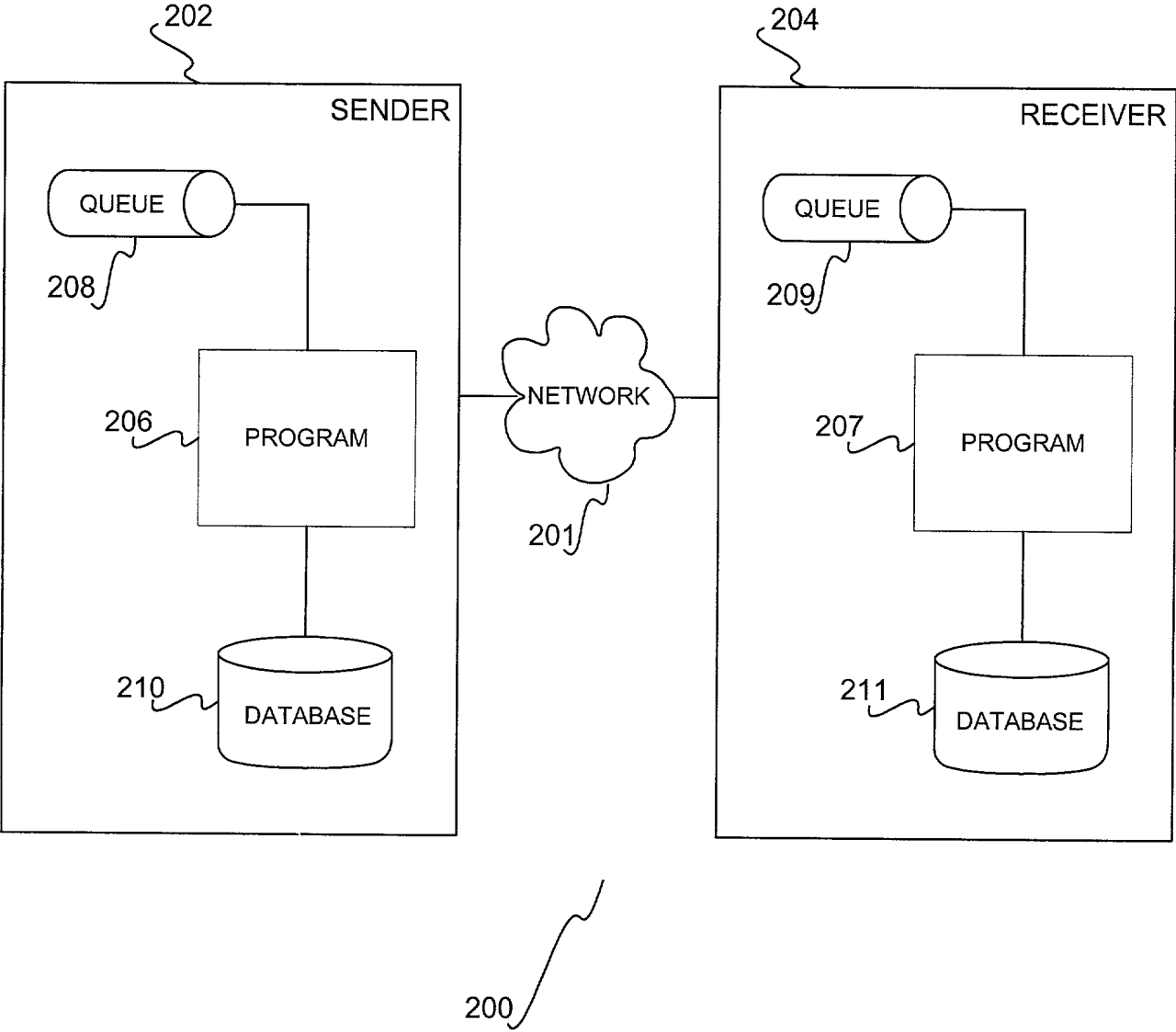
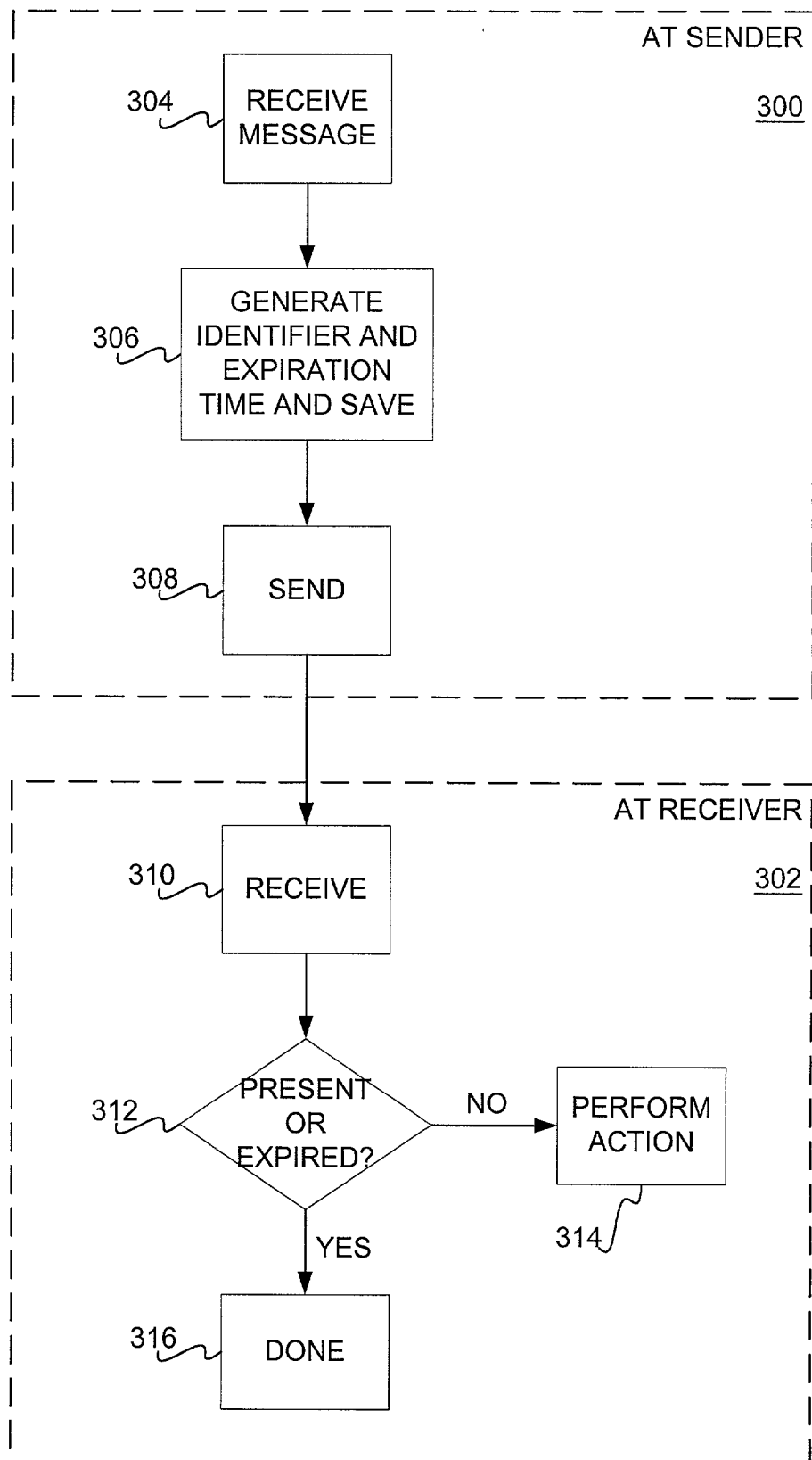


FIG 2



**FIG 3**



# PATENT APPLICATION

## DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR PATENT APPLICATION

ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. 1018.073US1

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence/post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name;

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled:

Guaranteed Exactly Once Delivery of Messages

the specification of which is attached hereto unless the following box is checked:

( ) was filed on \_\_\_\_\_ as US Application Serial No. or PCT International Application  
Number \_\_\_\_\_ and was amended on \_\_\_\_\_ (if applicable).

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understood the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment(s) referred to above. I acknowledge the duty to disclose all information which is material to patentability as defined in 37 CFR 1.56.

### Foreign Application(s) and/or Claim of Foreign Priority

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code Section 119 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor(s) certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor(s) certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

COUNTRY	APPLICATION NUMBER	DATE FILED	PRIORITY CLAIMED UNDER 35 U.S.C. 119
			YES:____ NO:____
			YES:____ NO:____

### Provisional Application

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code Section 119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below:

APPLICATION SERIAL NUMBER	FILING DATE

### U.S. Priority Claim

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, Section 120 of any United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code Section 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose material information as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 1.56(a) which occurred between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

APPLICATION SERIAL NUMBER	FILING DATE	STATUS(patented/pending/abandoned)

### POWER OF ATTORNEY:

As a named inventor, I hereby appoint the following attorney(s) and/or agent(s) listed below to prosecute this application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith.

**Michael A. Dryja, Reg. No. 39662**

**Katie E. Sako, Reg. No. 32628**

**Daniel D. Crouse, Reg. No. 32022**

### Send Correspondence to:

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**Michael A. Dryja**  
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I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

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Date \_\_\_\_\_

DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY  
FOR PATENT APPLICATION (continued)

ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. 1018.073US1

Full Name of Inventor: Alexander Frank

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\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

Full Name of Inventor: Yifat Peled

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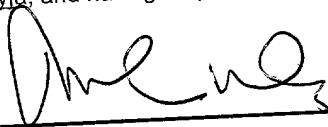
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\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

I hereby certify that this is being deposited with the United States Postal Service "Express Mail Post Office to addressee" service under 37 CFR § 1.10 in an envelope addressed to The Assistant Commissioner for Patents, Washington, DC 20231, on Feb 28, 2000, by Michael Dryja, and having "express mail" mailing label no. EK530297215US.

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Signature of Michael Dryja